



Michigan Association of Planning's Planners in Private Practice Division

Request for Proposals Do's and Don't's

Don't 🗙	Do 🗸
 Call it an RFQ, but require an actual proposal Throw in the kitchen sink Develop RFP by committee Copy and paste (at least without proofreading!) Include contradictory requirements Be unreachable Overly micro-manage the scope Require a list of other commitments or available hours of personnel Use bid language for a professional service RFP Overpromise what staff can do or time available Require an overly detailed fee and hours breakdown for individual tasks, individual personnel and all expenses Expect consultant to attend "all meetings necessary" Ask for free work Be silent on the budget Issue an RFP that is clearly written to favor a particular firm or team 	 Be clear about the process Prioritize what you want/need Assign a lead RFP writer Spend time writing an RFP that communicates that you are serious Make the specifications and procedures simple, clear and consistent Provide contact information and be available for questions Recognize that consultants are busy, just like you. Judge them based on their qualifications, approach and fee Treat planning projects like planning projects – flexibility and creativity are your friends Be realistic – is this an effort to save money, or to keep staff engaged? You are spending resources either way Recognize that meetings cost time and money. Allocate a contingency budget for additional meetings that may arise. Allocate a stipend budget if the proposal or interview requests some sort of preliminary deliverable Consider publishing the budget. If no budget is allocated yet, be up front about that in the RFP If you know who you want, direct select if you can